

Annex F (normative)

Abbreviations used in the construction of labels

F.1 Introduction

[Table F.1](#) lists the abbreviations used in the construction of labels. In the specification of an abbreviation, the letters in the word or phrase used to form the abbreviation are underlined.

The notation "[nnn]", where nnn represents one or more letters, means that the letters between the brackets are appended to the base word or partial word in the indicated position to give alternate but related words that have the same abbreviation. Thus, the entry "adjust[ed][ment]" means that both the word "adjusted" and the word "adjustment" may be abbreviated with the abbreviation "ADJ" in the adjacent column.

F.2 Table of abbreviations

Table F.1 — Abbreviations used in labels

Abbreviated term	Abbreviation
one- <u>D</u> imensional	1D
two- <u>D</u> imensional	2D
three- <u>D</u> imensional	3D
<u>A</u> just[ed][ment]	ADJ
<u>A</u> merican	AM
<u>C</u> H 1903 ("CH" is the ISO 3166-1:1997 country code for Switzerland)	CH1903
<u>C</u> oordinate <u>S</u> ystem	CS
<u>C</u> oupled <u>O</u> cean/ <u>A</u> tmospheric <u>M</u> esoscale <u>P</u> rediction <u>S</u> ystem	COAMPS TM
<u>D</u> atum 197 <u>3</u>	D73
<u>D</u> efinitive <u>G</u> eomagnetic <u>R</u> eference <u>F</u> ield	DGRF
<u>D</u> eutschen <u>H</u> aupt <u>d</u> reiecks <u>n</u> etzes	DHDN
<u>E</u> arth <u>G</u> ravitational <u>M</u> odel	EGM
<u>E</u> ast	E
<u>E</u> uropean <u>T</u> errestrial <u>R</u> eference <u>F</u> rame	ETRF
<u>G</u> eocentric <u>D</u> atum of <u>A</u> ustralia	GDA
<u>G</u> eodeti[c][que]	GEOD
<u>G</u> eodetic <u>R</u> eference <u>S</u> ystem	GRS
<u>G</u> eo <u>T</u> ile <u>R</u> eference <u>S</u> ystem	GTRS
<u>G</u> reek <u>G</u> eodetic <u>R</u> eference <u>S</u> ystem	GGRS
<u>H</u> eliocentric	HELIO
<u>I</u> nstitut <u>G</u> éographique <u>N</u> ational (France)	IGN
<u>I</u> nternational	INT
<u>I</u> nternational <u>A</u> ssociation of <u>G</u> eodesy	IAG
<u>I</u> nternational <u>G</u> eomagnetic <u>R</u> eference <u>F</u> ield	IGRF

Abbreviated term	Abbreviation
<u>I</u> nternational <u>G</u> reat <u>L</u> akes <u>D</u> atum	IGLD
<u>I</u> nternational <u>S</u> atellite <u>T</u> riangulation <u>S</u> tation	ISTS
<u>I</u> nternational <u>T</u> errestrial <u>R</u> eference <u>F</u> rame	ITRF
<u>J</u> apan <u>G</u> eodetic <u>D</u> atum	JGD
<u>K</u> artastok <u>o</u> ordinaattijarjestelma	KKJ
<u>L</u> ietuvos <u>K</u> oordinaci <u>u</u> <u>S</u> istema	LKS
<u>M</u> agnetic	MAG
<u>M</u> ean <u>S</u> ea <u>L</u> evel	MSL
<u>M</u> esoscale (weather) <u>M</u> odel <u>5</u>	MM5
<u>M</u> eteorologico	METEORO
<u>M</u> ilitärgeographisches <u>I</u> nstitut	MGI
<u>M</u> oderate resolution <u>T</u> ransmittance (atmospheric radiation transfer)	MODTRAN
<u>N</u> avy <u>O</u> perational <u>G</u> lobal <u>A</u> tmospheric <u>P</u> rediction <u>S</u> ystem (United States)	NOGAPS
<u>N</u> orges <u>G</u> eografiske <u>O</u> ppmåling	NGO
<u>N</u> orth	N
<u>N</u> orth <u>A</u> merican <u>V</u> ertical <u>D</u> atum	NAVD
TBD	NT
<u>N</u> ouvelle <u>T</u> riangulation <u>F</u> rançais (France)	NTF
<u>O</u> bservatorio	OBSERV
<u>O</u> bservatory	OBS
<u>O</u> rdnance <u>S</u> urvey of <u>G</u> reat <u>B</u> ritain	OSGB
<u>O</u> rdnance <u>S</u> urvey <u>G</u> eoid <u>M</u> odel	OSGM
<u>P</u> arametry <u>Z</u> emli 1990	PZ90
<u>P</u> rime <u>M</u> eridian	PM
<u>P</u> rovisional	PROV
<u>R</u> eseau <u>G</u> éodésique <u>F</u> rançais (France)	RGF
<u>R</u> íkets <u>T</u> riangelnät 1990	RT90
<u>S</u> aint	ST
<u>S</u> istema de <u>R</u> eferencia <u>G</u> eocéntrico para las <u>A</u> méricas (The Americas)	SIRGAS
<u>S</u> outh	S
<u>S</u> tate <u>P</u> lane <u>C</u> oordinate <u>S</u> ystem (United States)	SPCS
<u>S</u> ystem - <u>J</u> ednotné <u>T</u> rigonometrické <u>S</u> íti <u>K</u> atastrální (Czechoslovakia)	S-JTSK
<u>U</u> nited <u>S</u> tates	US
<u>W</u> est[ern]	W
<u>W</u> orld <u>G</u> eodetic <u>S</u> ystem	WGS
<u>W</u> orld <u>M</u> agnetic <u>M</u> odel	WMM

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